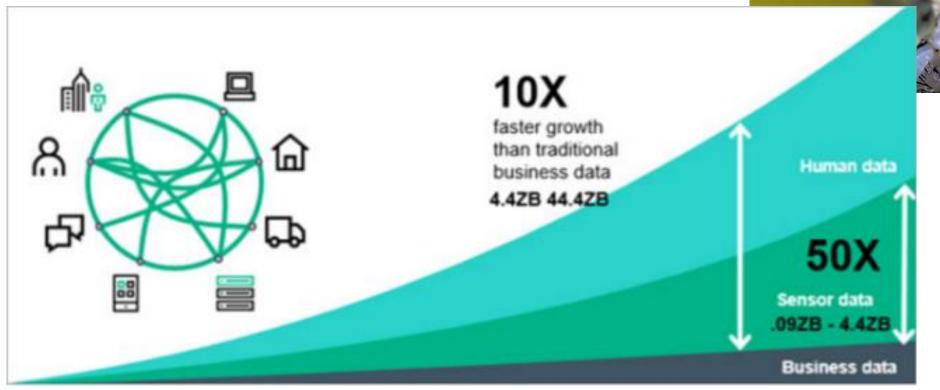
ENI SEIS II - regional meeting -Open data and eGovernment for the Environment Kyiv 6. March 2019 **Stefan Jensen** EU policy developments around streamlining reporting and SEIS

Market trends in data and information growth

Humans

Sensors

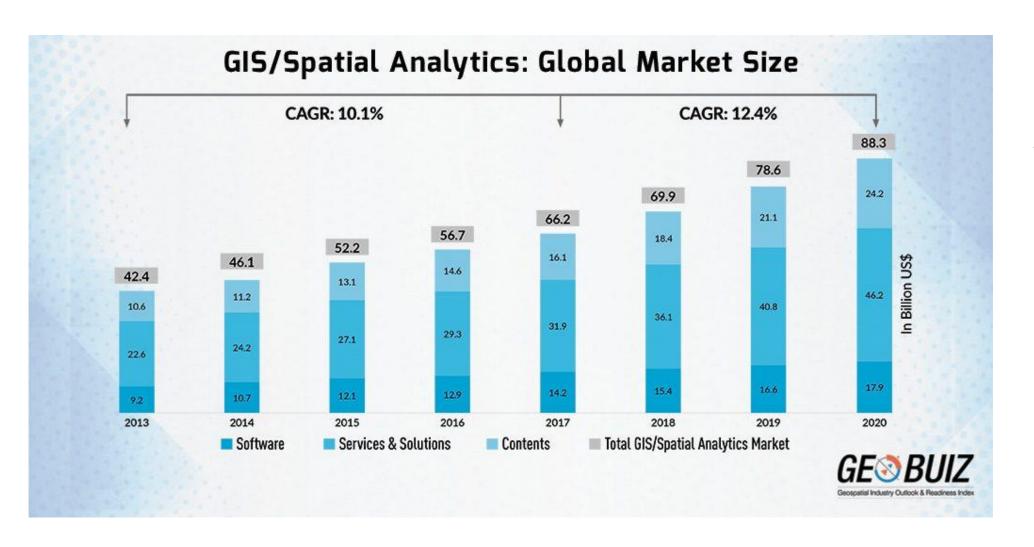
Business







Market trends in GIS growth



Content

Analytics

Infrastructure



European Commission Digital (Data) Strategy



Figure 2: Principles

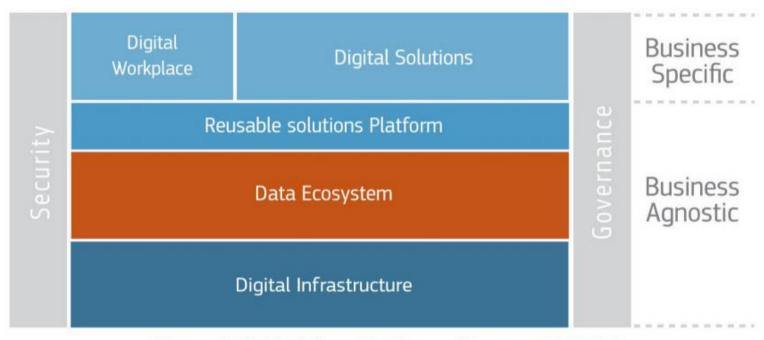


Figure 3: Digital Commission — Conceptual model

Communication C(2018)7118



Digital Agenda for Europe - Strategy

Elements and Programms

- Digital Single Market
- Interoperability and Standard
- Trust and Security
- Very fast Internet
- Research and Innovation
- Enhanced e-Skills
- ICT for Societal Challenges





"Our" foundation – SEIS elements

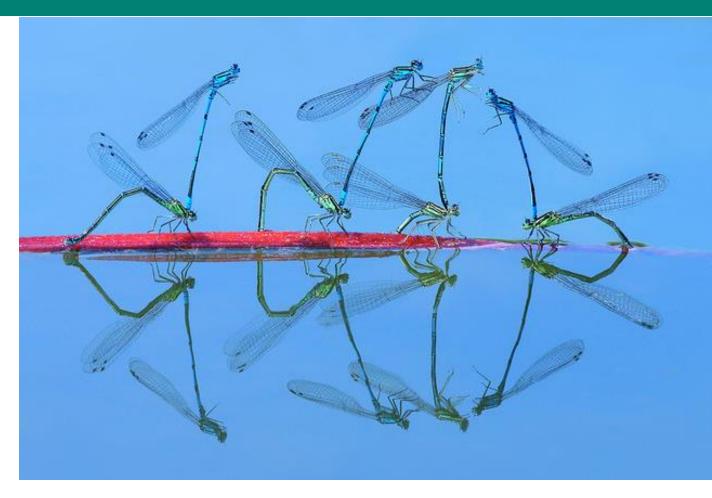
Policies

Governance and networks

(Spatial) Data Infrastructures

Standards

Content



European policies related to data

Public access to Environmental Information *DIR 2003/4/EC* and

Aarhus Convention (international)

Infrastructure for Spatial Information in the European Community (INSPIRE) DIR 2007/2/EC

Re-use of public sector information (PSI)

DIR 2003/98/EC



Alike:



The European SDI - INSPIRE ...

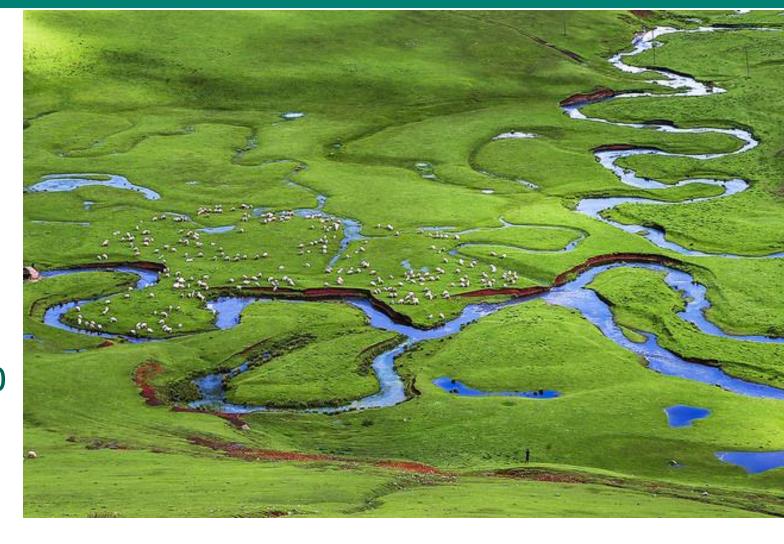
Long preparation phase

EU legislation transposed into 28 national acts

Very broad and ambitious thematic scope

Long implementation time - step by step 12/2010 – 10/2020

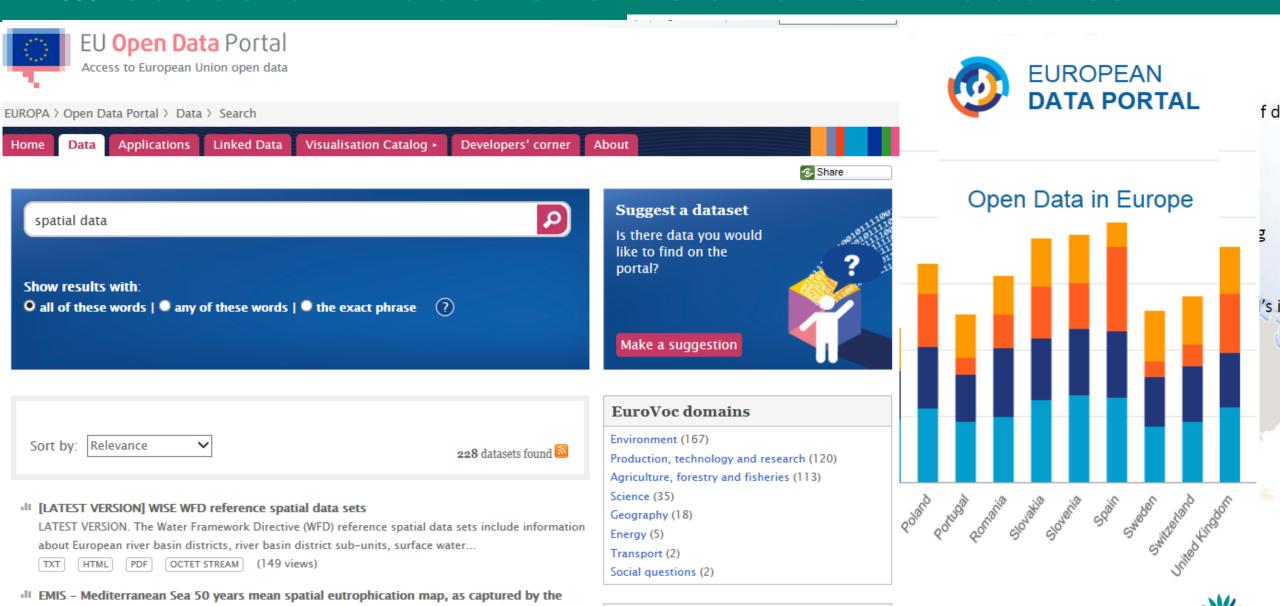
Provide metadata, view and download services



Latest focus on priority setting (priority data sets) and technical simplification



... based on National SDIs and EU initiatives



Publishers

European Environment Agency

TRIX indicator

Mediterranean Sea 50 years mean spatial eutrophication map, as captured by the TRIX indicator.

Open Data as drivers – the PSI Directive







Private sector data



Research data

Proposal for a revision of the Directive on the reuse of public sector information

Guidance on sharing private sector data in the European data economy Updated
Recommendation
on access to and
preservation of
scientific
information

2018 DATA PACKAGE

Different policy instruments for different types of data

Identifying

High Value Datasets



Content: DG ENV Fitness Check - 2016 - 2017

The Fitness Check on Reporting and Monitoring: Overview

Reporting is a transfer of information and data from one entity to another which may include a wide range of cases. In the context of this initiative, it is a requirement for an European Member State to transmit information to the European Commission as a mean to demonstrate successful implementation. The information is the result of monitoring this implementation, and it is the monitoring that provides the evidence base for implementation and policy making. Hence, the Fitness Check will cover both reporting and monitoring as a way to better support implementation.

What are the results of the Fitness Check?

The Commission finalized its Fitness Check evaluation in June 2017 publishing the following documents:

- Commission Report COM(2017) 312 .The Report also contains
 a summary of the Fitness Check evaluation. All languages of the Report are available on EUR-LEX.
- Commission Staff Working Document SWD(2017) 230
- Opinion of the Regulatory Scrutiny Board SEC(2017) 284
- Press Release





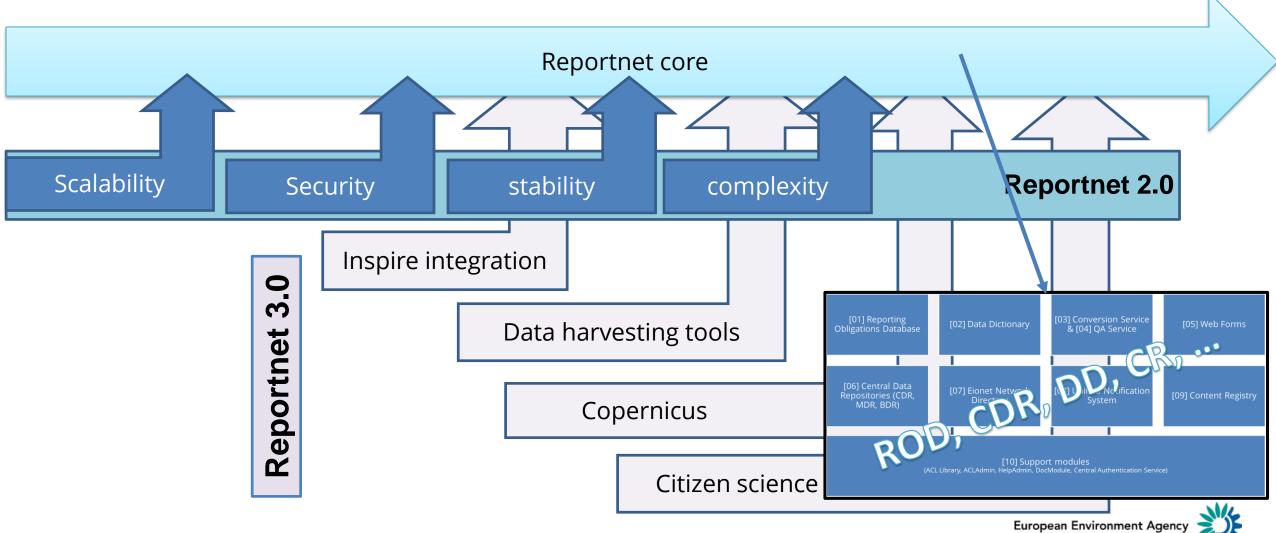
Action plan streamline environmental reporting

| Action | EEA involvement |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 Amend legislation | - |
| 2 Change reporting obligations | Support through rolling work programme |
| 3 Modernise e-Reporting | Core of Reportnet 3.0 project |
| 4 Develop test tools for harvesting | Share of experiences |
| 5 Guidance for national IS | Steering Committee DG ENV project |
| 6 Promote INSPIRE | Through INSPIRE MIG and Reportnet 3.0 |
| 7 Better use of Copernicus data | Share of experiences |
| 8 Promote citizen science data | Support on guidelines |
| 9 Cooperate with other thematic areas | Linked to Reportnet 3.0 project |
| 10 Wider international streamlining | Trilateral UNECE, UNEP, EEA |



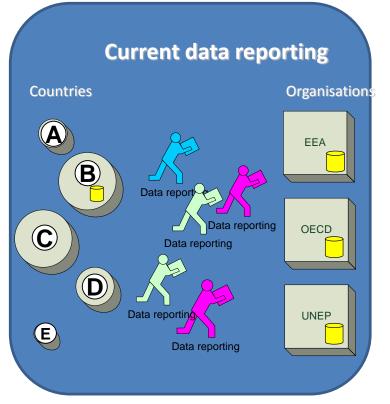
Action 3 - Reportnet 2.0/3.0 (2017-2020)

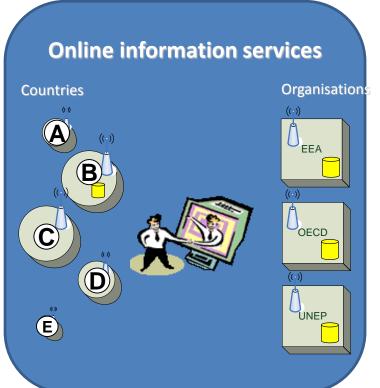
Modernising the Reporting system (additional DG Environment budget to EEA)



Action 4+5 - Improving information systems

 EC study: Promotion of best practices for national environmental information systems and tools for data harvesting







Source: SEIS EEA, 2010

DG Environment project on Environment Information Systems

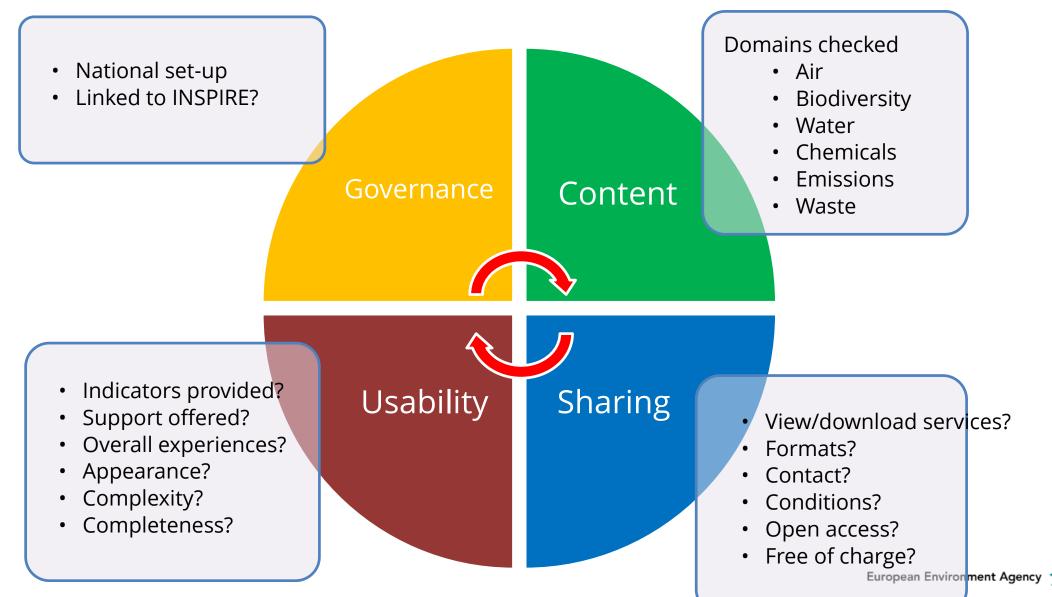
Based on the findings of the Fitness Check, the rationale for improving national environment information systems is:

- To improve transparency for citizens and accountability of administrations.
- To allow finding relevant, authoritative information (e.g. textual or contextual) easily rather than asking for it through reporting.
- To allow for **sharing**, **harvesting** and **re-using** data and information.
- New technologies can be applied, such as data mining.

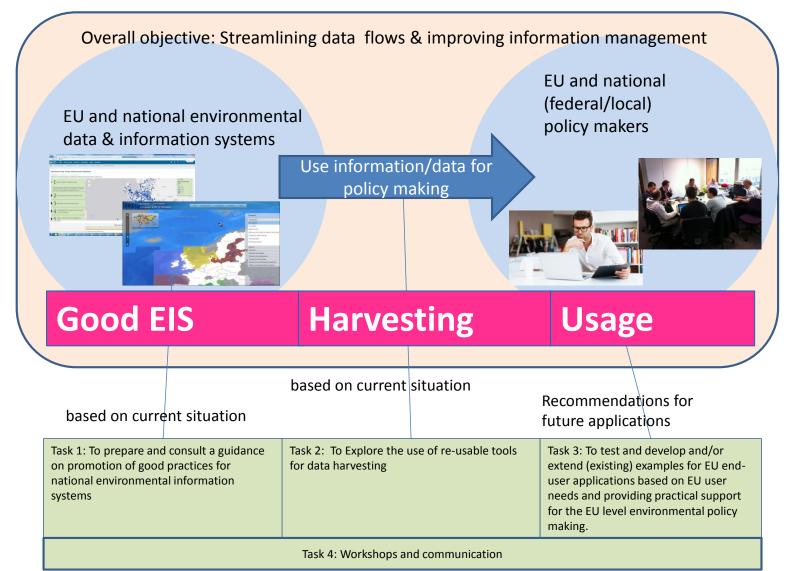
In addition, it will also help better implement the requirements related to access to environmental information and the INSPIRE Directive.



Evaluation criteria



Findings on workflows



Findings on data harvesting

Roadmap and Recommendations

| | Short term | Medium term | Long term | |
|--|------------|-------------|-----------|--|
| Connect data and text by proper links | | | | |
| Promote the use of micro formats (tagging) in EISs | | | | |
| Accelerate the use of standards in reporting | | | | |
| Connect INSPIRE to directives technical and if feasible legal | | | | |
| Explore the re-use of available software like Automated Content Analysis (ACA) | | | | |
| use semantic relationships (RDF/ontologies) as linked data in the reporting process | | | | |
| explore current platforms to come to a more multipurpose platform with dedicated support for specific data and information | | | | |





STATE OF **ENVIRONMENT**

EPA MAPS



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Best practise

Ireland's Environment

- **Award winning** environmental information portal
- Good practice: integrated, easy to use and comprehensive
- Significant efficiency gains, e.g. the time needed for reporting under the Industrial Emission Directive was reduced from 6 months (in 2010) to half a day (in 2012).



Action 6: Pan European spatial data

Global (SDG linkage):

(United Nations Global Geographic Information Management) UN-GGIM:

Fundamental data

Europe:

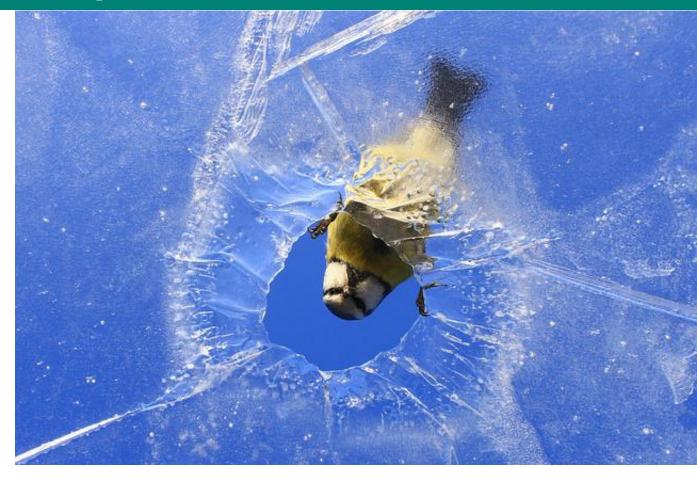
UNGGIM Europe: core data

INSPIRE:

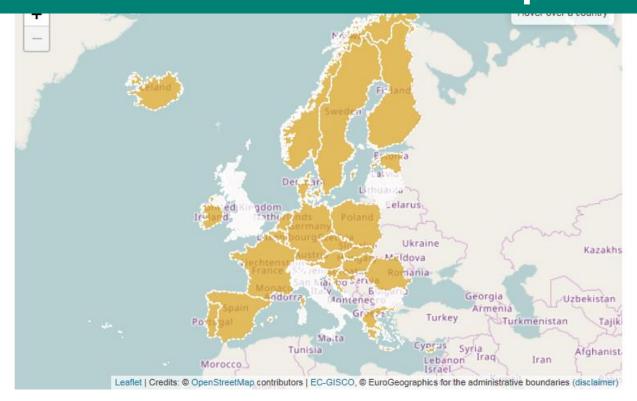
Priority Datasets for eReporting

Public Sector Information (PSI)

Directive recast: *High Value datasets*



Action 6: Spatial data access



INSPIRE Geoportal Data Set Statistics



http://inspire-geoportal.ec.europa.eu/

Select a COUNTRY



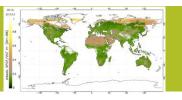
| Portugal | 134 |
|----------------|--------------------|
| Romania | 21 ± 10 ⊕ 1 |
| Slovakia | 🖹 12 🛓 2 🧆 5 |
| Slovenia | -4 ±1 → 0 |
| Spain | 월 80 ₺ 80 ۞ 79 |
| Sweden | 28 ★ 7 → 14 |
| | -0 ±0 ⊕0 |
| United Kingdom | -0 ±0 ⊕0 |



Action 7: Sensor data sources – Copernicus



Systematic biophysical monitoring



Land cover & land use mapping



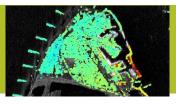
Thematic hotspot monitoring



Reference data mapping



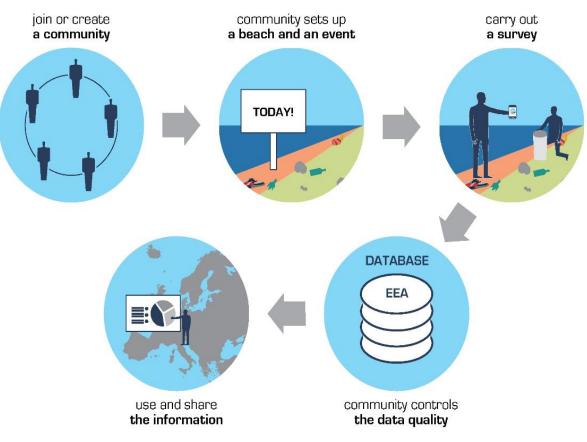
Ground Motion monitoring



Example: CLMS Land Monitoring Service



Action 8: Human data sourcing - citizen





e.g. The European Airquality index



Action 9/10: Cooperate with other domains

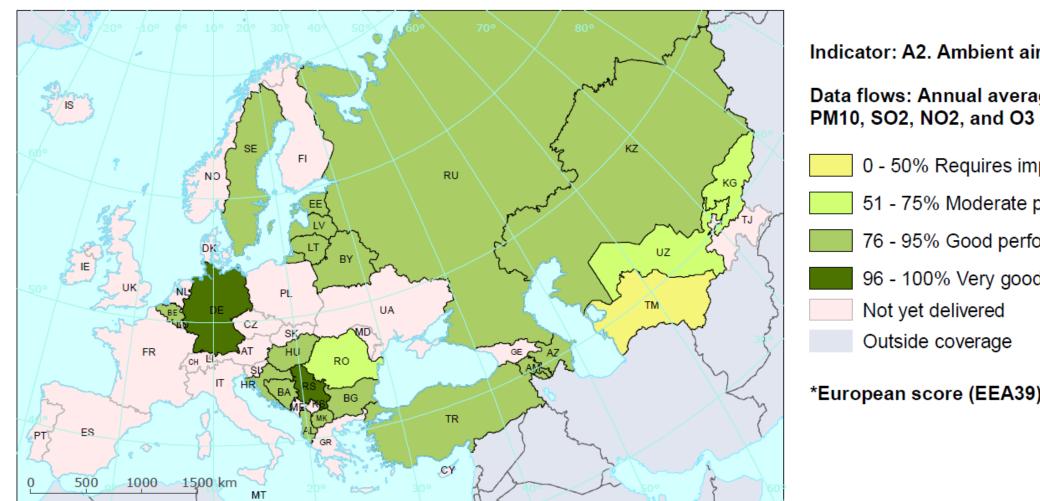


Sustainable development - spatial data - environment



Action 10 - International streamlining

Preliminary results SEIS self-assessment at pan-European level (22 May 2018)



Indicator: A2. Ambient air quality in urban areas

Data flows: Annual average concentration

0 - 50% Requires improvements

51 - 75% Moderate performance

76 - 95% Good performance

96 - 100% Very good performance

*European score (EEA39): 93%



Future development needs and policy setting

EU policy instruments:

- data strategy
- digital single market
- digital agenda

Further develop:

- Open access to (national) data
- Integration of different types of environmental data (monitoring - sensor - human data)
- Information system functionality and design





Thank you for your attention!

More information at

www.eea.europa.eu

Photos provided by EEA



